



**X837/76/11**

**History**  
**British, European and World History**

Duration — 1 hour 30 minutes

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**Total marks — 44**

**SECTION 1 — BRITISH — 22 marks**

Attempt ONE question from the part you have chosen.

**SECTION 2 — EUROPEAN AND WORLD — 22 marks**

Attempt ONE question from the part you have chosen.

Write your answers clearly in the answer booklet provided. In the answer booklet you must clearly identify the question number you are attempting.

Use **blue** or **black** ink.

Before leaving the examination room you must give your answer booklet to the Invigilator; if you do not, you may lose all the marks for this paper.



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## SECTION 1 — BRITISH

Attempt **ONE** question from the part you have chosen.

### PARTS

- A. Church, state and feudal society, 1066–1406 *page 04*
- B. The century of revolutions, 1603–1702 *page 04*
- C. The Atlantic slave trade *page 05*
- D. Britain, 1851–1951 *page 05*
- E. Britain and Ireland, 1900–1985 *page 06*

## SECTION 2 — EUROPEAN AND WORLD

Attempt **ONE** question from the part you have chosen.

### PARTS

- A. The crusades, 1071–1204 *page 07*
- B. The American Revolution, 1763–1787 *page 07*
- C. The French Revolution, to 1799 *page 08*
- D. Germany, 1815–1939 *page 08*
- E. Italy, 1815–1939 *page 09*
- F. Russia, 1881–1921 *page 09*
- G. USA, 1918–1968 *page 10*
- H. Appeasement and the road to war, to 1939 *page 10*
- I. The Cold War, 1945–1989 *page 11*

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**SECTION 1 — BRITISH — 22 marks**  
**Attempt ONE question from the part you have chosen**

**PART A — Church, state and feudal society, 1066–1406**

1. *The main role of the church in medieval society was economic.*  
How valid is this view? 22
  
2. How important was law and order as a reason for the increase of central royal power in the reign of Henry II in England? 22
  
3. To what extent was King John successful in his attempts to increase royal authority in England? 22
  
4. How important were changing social attitudes as a reason for the decline of feudal society? 22

**PART B — The century of revolutions, 1603–1702**

5. *Charles I's policies in Scotland were successful.*  
How valid is this view? 22
  
6. How important was the role of Parliament as a reason for the failure to find an alternative form of government, 1649–58? 22
  
7. How important were religious issues as a reason for the Revolution Settlement of 1688–1689? 22
  
8. To what extent did the Revolution Settlement bring about significant change, 1688–1702? 22

## SECTION 1 — BRITISH (continued)

## PART C — The Atlantic slave trade

9. How important was the slave trade to the British economy? 22
10. To what extent did the slave trade have negative implications for African societies? 22
11. To what extent were the attitudes of British governments the main obstacle to the abolition of the slave trade? 22
12. *The effects of slave resistance were the main reason for the success of the abolitionist campaign in 1807.*  
How valid is this view? 22

## PART D — Britain, 1851–1951

13. *Britain was still far from being a democratic country by 1914.*  
How valid is this view? 22
14. How important were the social surveys of Booth and Rowntree as a reason why the Liberals introduced social welfare reforms, 1906-1914? 22
15. To what extent were the Liberal social welfare reforms effective in meeting the needs of the British people? 22
16. *The Labour reforms, 1945–1951, dealt effectively with the social problems of Britain.*  
How valid is this view? 22

## SECTION 1 — BRITISH (continued)

## PART E — Britain and Ireland, 1900–1985

17. *World War I changed the political situation in Ireland.*  
How valid is this view? 22
18. To what extent was the role of Collins the main reason for the outbreak of the Irish Civil War? 22
19. To what extent were economic issues the main reason for the developing crisis in Northern Ireland by 1968? 22
20. How important were British government policies as an obstacle to peace in Ireland, 1968–1985? 22

[Now go to SECTION 2 starting on page 07]

SECTION 2 — EUROPEAN AND WORLD — 22 marks  
Attempt ONE question from the part you have chosen

PART A — The crusades, 1071–1204

21. To what extent were overpopulation and famine the main motive for Christians of different classes taking the cross? 22
22. To what extent was the Christian defeat at Hattin the main reason for the fall of Jerusalem in 1187? 22
23. How important was Saladin's use of diplomacy as a reason for the resolution of the Third Crusade? 22
24. *The crusading ideal had declined by the time of the Fourth Crusade.*  
How valid is this view? 22

PART B — The American Revolution, 1763–1787

25. How important was the rejection of the Olive Branch Petition as a reason for the colonists' moves towards independence? 22
26. To what extent was the American War of Independence a conflict which was global in nature? 22
27. To what extent was the role of George Washington the most important reason for the colonists' victory? 22
28. *The American Revolution had an important political impact.*  
How valid is this view? 22

## SECTION 2 — EUROPEAN AND WORLD (continued)

## PART C — The French Revolution, to 1799

29. How important were the effects of the American Revolution as a reason for the French Revolution in 1789? 22
30. How important was the role of Robespierre as a reason for the Terror, 1792–95? 22
31. *Political instability was the main reason for the establishment of the Consulate.*  
How valid is this view? 22
32. To what extent did the nobility gain the most from the French Revolution?

## PART D — Germany, 1815–1939 22

33. To what extent was there a growth of nationalism in Germany, up to 1850? 22
34. How important was Prussian military strength as a reason why unification was achieved in Germany, by 1871? 22
35. How important were economic difficulties as a reason why the Nazis achieved power in 1933? 22
36. *Fear and state terrorism was the main reason why the Nazis were able to stay in power, 1933–1939.*  
How valid is this view? 22

## SECTION 2 — EUROPEAN AND WORLD (continued)

## PART E — Italy, 1815–1939

37. To what extent was there a growth of nationalism in Italy, up to 1850? 22
38. To what extent was the rise of Piedmont the main reason why unification was achieved in Italy, by 1870? 22
39. How important were the weaknesses of Italian governments as a reason why the Fascists achieved power in Italy, 1919–1925? 22
40. *Fear and intimidation was the main reason why the Fascists were able to stay in power, 1922–1939.*  
How valid is this view? 22

## PART F — Russia, 1881–1921

41. How important was military defeat in the war against Japan as a cause of the 1905 Revolution? 22
42. How important was discontent among the working class as a reason for the February Revolution, 1917? 22
43. *The decision to continue the war was the main reason for the success of the October Revolution, 1917.*  
How valid is this view? 22
44. To what extent were the effects of foreign intervention the main reason for the victory of the Reds in the Civil War? 22

## SECTION 2 — EUROPEAN AND WORLD (continued)

## PART G — USA, 1918–1968

45. To what extent were legal impediments the most important obstacle to the achievement of civil rights for black people, up to 1941? 22
46. *The New Deal was effective in solving America's problems in the 1930s.*  
How valid is this view? 22
47. How important was the experience of black servicemen in the Second World War as a reason for the development of the Civil Rights campaign, after 1945? 22
48. *The Civil Rights movement was effective in meeting the needs of black Americans, up to 1968.*  
How valid is this view? 22

## PART H — Appeasement and the road to war, to 1939

49. How important was diplomacy as a method used by Germany and Italy to pursue their foreign policies from 1933? 22
50. *British foreign policy was unsuccessful in containing Fascist aggression, 1935 to March 1938.*  
How valid is this view? 22
51. To what extent was the Munich Agreement a successful settlement? 22
52. *The Nazi-Soviet Pact was the main reason for the outbreak of war in 1939.*  
How valid is this view? 22

## SECTION 2 — EUROPEAN AND WORLD (continued)

## PART I — The Cold War, 1945–1989

53. To what extent were Soviet policies effective in controlling Eastern Europe, up to 1961? 22
54. *The Americans lost the war in Vietnam due to the difficulties faced by the US military.*  
How valid is this view? 22
55. *The economic cost of the arms race was the main reason why the superpowers attempted to manage the Cold War, 1962–1979.*  
How valid is this view? 22
56. How important was the role of Mikhail Gorbachev as a reason for the end of the Cold War? 22

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